

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Revision Date: 06/26/2024 Date of Issue: 09/11/2012

Version: 3.0

## **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture Product Name: Quicklime Synonyms: Burned Lime, Unslaked Lime, Calcium Oxide

### **1.2.** Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/Mixture: No use is specified

#### **1.3.** Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company CalPortland Company 10655 W Park Run Drive, Suite 275

Las Vegas, NV

T 626-852-6200

www.calportland.com

### 1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number

: 626-852-6200

# SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
	Eye Dam. 1	H318
	Carc. 1A	H350
	STOT SE 3	H335
	STOT RE 1	H372
	Aquatic Acute 3	H402
I	Full text of hazard classes and	H-statements : see section 16

#### 2.2. Label Elements

Signal Word (GHS-US)

#### **GHS-US Labeling**

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



	· builder
Hazard Statements (GHS-US)	: H315 - Causes skin irritation.
	H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
	H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
	H350 - May cause cancer (Inhalation).
	H372 - Causes damage to organs (lung/respiratory system) through prolonged or
	repeated exposure (Inhalation).
	H402 - Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)	: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
	P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
	P260 - Do not breathe dust.
	P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
	P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
	P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.
	P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
	P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
	P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
	Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P308+310+313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
	P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

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P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).
P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

#### 2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

### 2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

#### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1. Substance

#### Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	%	<b>GHS-US classification</b>
Calcium oxide	(CAS-No.) 1305-78-8	98	Skin Irrit. 2, H315
			Eye Dam. 1, H318
			STOT SE 3, H335
			Aquatic Acute 3, H402
Quartz	(CAS-No.) 14808-60-7	< 2	Carc. 1A, H350
			STOT SE 3, H335
			STOT RE 1, H372

### Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

**First-aid Measures General:** Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

**First-aid Measures After Inhalation:** When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

**First-aid Measures After Skin Contact:** Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

**First-aid Measures After Eye Contact:** Rinse cautiously with water for at least 60 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

**Symptoms/Injuries:** Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation:** Irritation of the respiratory tract and the other mucous membranes. Accelerated Silicosis can occur with exposure to high concentrations of respirable crystalline silica over a relatively short period; lung lesions can appear within five years of the initial exposure. The progression can be rapid. Accelerated silicosis is similar to chronic or ordinary silicosis, except that lung lesions appear earlier and the progression is more rapid. Acute Silicosis can occur with exposures to very high concentrations of respirable crystalline silica over a very short time period, sometimes as short as a few months. The symptoms of acute silicosis include progressive shortness of breath, fever, cough and weight loss. Acute silicosis can be fatal. **Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact:** Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. When this product is wet it is corrosive.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact:** Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

**Chronic Symptoms:** This product contains crystalline silica, which upon long-term exposure to levels above the PEL/TLV may produce bronchitis, silicosis, a fibrotic (scarring) disease of the lungs, and potentially lung cancer. Studies have shown that smoking increases the risk of these diseases. This product may also increase the risk of scleroderma for which the causes are unknown, but some reports link over exposure to silica in combination with other chemicals to this disease.

#### 4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

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## **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### 5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

#### 5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not flammable.

**Explosion Hazard:** Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

#### 5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

**Protection During Firefighting:** Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. **Hazardous Combustion Products:** May release corrosive vapors.

**Other Information:** Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

#### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

**General Measures:** Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes or on skin. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

#### 6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

#### 6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

**Emergency Procedures:** Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area.

#### 6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

**For Containment:** Contain solid spills with appropriate barriers and prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. **Methods for Cleaning Up:** Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Recover the product by vacuuming, shoveling or sweeping. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

#### 6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

#### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: May be corrosive when wet.

**Precautions for Safe Handling:** Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not get in eyes or on skin. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust.

## Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

#### 7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

**Storage Conditions:** Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong oxidizers.

#### 7.3. Specific End Use(s)

No use is specified

#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

Calcium oxid	e (1305-78-8)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Quartz (1480	8-60-7)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particulate matter)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	50 μg/m³

#### 8.2. **Exposure Controls**

**Appropriate Engineering Controls** : Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

**Personal Protective Equipment** 

: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



**Materials for Protective Clothing Hand Protection Eye and Face Protection Skin and Body Protection Respiratory Protection** 

- : Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.
- : Wear protective gloves.
- : Chemical safety goggles.
- : Wear suitable protective clothing.
- : If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

#### **Other Information**

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Che	emical Properties	
Physical State	: Solid	
Appearance	: White to gray powder	
Odor	: Earthy	
Odor Threshold	: No data available	
рН	: 12.8 in water	
Evaporation Rate	: No data available	
Melting Point	: 2572 °C (4661.6 °F)	
Freezing Point	: No data available	
Boiling Point	: 2850 °C (5162 °F)	
Flash Point	: No data available	
Auto-ignition Temperature	: No data available	
Decomposition Temperature	: No data available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available	
Vapor Pressure	: No data available	
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C	: No data available	
Relative Density	: No data available	
Specific Gravity	: 3.37	
Solubility	: Water: Slight	
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	: No data available	
Viscosity	: No data available	
9.2. Other Information No additional inform	nation available	

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

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10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. **Conditions to Avoid:** Direct sunlight and incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Crystalline silica (quartz) will dissolve in hydrofluoric acid and produce a corrosive gas - silicon tetrafluoride.

# SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Information on Toxicological Effects** 11.1.

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2500 mg/kg
Quartz (14808-60-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 5000 mg/kg

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation.

pH: 12.8 in water

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

pH: 12.8 in water

#### Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer (Inhalation).

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
IARC group	1
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens.
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Causes damage to organs (lung/respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).

#### Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Irritation of the respiratory tract and the other mucous membranes. Accelerated Silicosis can occur with exposure to high concentrations of respirable crystalline silica over a relatively short period; lung lesions can appear within five years of the initial exposure. The progression can be rapid. Accelerated silicosis is similar to chronic or ordinary silicosis, except that lung lesions appear earlier and the progression is more rapid. Acute Silicosis can occur with exposures to very high concentrations of respirable crystalline silica over a very short time period, sometimes as short as a few months. The symptoms of acute silicosis include progressive shortness of breath, fever, cough and weight loss. Acute silicosis can be fatal. Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. When this product is wet it is corrosive.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.

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#### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General	: Harmful to aquatic life.		
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)			
LC50 Fish 1	50.6 mg/l		
12.2. Persistence and Degradability			
Quicklime			
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.		

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#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Quicklime		
<b>Bioaccumulative Potential</b>	Not established.	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
BCF Fish 1 (no bioaccumulation)		
12.4 Mobility in Soil No additional information available		

#### **12.4. Mobility in Soil** No additional information available

**12.5.** Other Adverse Effects Other Information

: Avoid release to the environment.

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

**Waste Disposal Recommendations:** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Continue to observe all precautions.

**Ecology - Waste Materials:** Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

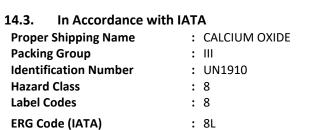
### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

#### 14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name	: CALCIUM OXIDE
Hazard Class	: 8
Identification Number	: UN1910
Label Codes	: 8
Packing Group	: 111
ERG Number	: 157
14.2. In Accordance with IN	//DG
Proper Shipping Name	: CALCIUM OXIDE
Hazard Class	: 8
Identification Number	: UN1910
Label Codes	: 8







SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Immediate (acute) health hazard	
Delayed (chronic) health hazard	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Quartz (14808-60-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
	Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### 15.2. US State Regulations

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Silica, crystalline (airborne particles of respirable size), a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer; and Lead and Lead Compounds, which is known to the

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> State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to WWWW DEEM/arnings ca. go

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Quartz (14808-60-7)	
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	

#### CTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISI

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision
Other Information

: 08/09/2018

: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

#### **GHS Full Text Phrases:**

Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H350	May cause cancer
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H402	Harmful to aquatic life

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)