

 Safety Data Sheet

 According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations

 Revision Date: 07/31/2018
 Date of Issue: 12/08/2015

Version: 2.0

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Substance Product Name: Clinker

# **1.2.** Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/Mixture: For Portland Cement.

### 1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

#### Company

Calportland Company 2025 E. Financial Way Glendora, CA 91741 - United States T 626-852-6200 www.calportland.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

: 626-852-6200

# **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

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	2.1.	Classification of the	e Substance or Mixture
	Skin Irri	it. 2	H315
	Eye Dai	m. 1	H318
	Skin Se	ns. 1	H317
	STOT SI	E 3	H335
	Full text	of hazard classes and	H-statements : see section 16

### 2.2. Label Elements

**Emergency Number** 

### **GHS-US** Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal Word (GHS-US) Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. **Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)** : P261 - Avoid breathing dust. P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection. P302+P352 - If on skin: Brush off then wash with plenty of water. P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 - Immediately call a poison center or doctor. P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS). P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

# 2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. Clinker may cause dry skin, discomfort, irritation, severe burns, and dermatitis. Exposure of sufficient duration to wet clinker, or to dry clinker on moist areas of the body, can cause serious, potentially irreversible damage to skin, eye, respiratory and digestive tracts due to chemical (caustic) burns, including

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third degree burns. A skin exposure may be hazardous even if there is no pain or discomfort. Clinker is capable of causing dermatitis by irritation and allergy. Skin affected by dermatitis may include symptoms such as, redness, itching, rash, scaling, and cracking. Irritant dermatitis is caused by the physical properties of clinker including alkalinity and abrasion. Allergic contact dermatitis is caused by sensitization to hexavalent chromium (chromate) present in clinker. The reaction can range from a mild rash to severe skin ulcers. Persons already sensitized may react to the first contact with clinker. Others may develop allergic dermatitis after years of repeated contact with clinker.

#### 2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

# SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1. Substance

• Clinker

Name	: Clinker		
Name	Product Identifier	%	<b>GHS-US classification</b>
Cement, portland, chemicals	(CAS-No.) 65997-15-1	100	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### 3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. **Description of First-aid Measures**

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Brush off any powder, then drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 60 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Skin sensitization.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Irritation of the respiratory tract and the other mucous membranes.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: Repeated or prolonged inhalation may damage lungs.

#### 4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

# SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1. **Extinguishing Media**

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

#### Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture 5.2.

Fire Hazard: Not flammable.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

#### 5.3. **Advice for Firefighters**

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Hazardous Combustion Products: None known.

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# SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

**General Measures:** Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

### 6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

#### 6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

**Emergency Procedures:** Ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

### 6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

# 6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

**For Containment:** Contain solid spills with appropriate barriers and prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. **Methods for Cleaning Up:** Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Recover the product by vacuuming, shoveling or sweeping. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

### 6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations.

# SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

# 7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Wet clinker is alkaline. As such it is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts and phosphorus. Clinker may cause dry skin, discomfort, irritation, severe burns, and dermatitis. Exposure of sufficient duration to wet clinker, or to dry clinker on moist areas of the body, can cause serious, potentially irreversible damage to skin, eye, respiratory and digestive tracts due to chemical (caustic) burns, including third degree burns. A skin exposure may be hazardous even if there is no pain or discomfort. Clinker is capable of causing dermatitis by irritation and allergy. Skin affected by dermatitis may include symptoms such as, redness, itching, rash, scaling, and cracking. Irritant dermatitis is caused by the physical properties of clinker including alkalinity and abrasion. Allergic contact dermatitis is caused by sensitization to hexavalent chromium (chromate) present in clinker. The reaction can range from a mild rash to severe skin ulcers. Persons already sensitized may react to the first contact with clinker. Others may develop allergic dermatitis after years of repeated contact with clinker. **Precautions for Safe Handling:** Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

# 7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

**Technical Measures:** Comply with applicable regulations.

**Storage Conditions:** Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

**Incompatible Materials:** Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids, aluminum and ammonium salt. Clinker is highly alkaline and will react with acids to produce a violent, heat-generating reaction. Toxic gases or vapors may be given off depending on the acid involved. Reacts with acids, aluminum metals and ammonium salts. Aluminum powder and other alkali and alkaline earth elements will react in wet mortar or concrete, liberating hydrogen gas. Limestone ignites on contact with fluorine and is incompatible with acids, alum, ammonium salts, and magnesium. Silica reacts violently with powerful oxidizing agents such as fluorine, boron trifluoride, chlorine trifluoride, manganese trifluoride, and oxygen difluoride yielding possible fire and/or explosions. Silicates dissolve readily in hydrofluoric acid producing a corrosive gas — silicon tetrafluoride.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

For Portland Cement.

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# 8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

Cement, por	Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1%	
		crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter)	

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USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)

### 8.2. Exposure Controls

8.2. Exposure Controls	
Appropriate Engineering Controls Personal Protective Equipment	<ul> <li>Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.</li> <li>Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles.</li> </ul>
Materials for Protective Clothing	: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.
Hand Protection	: Wear protective gloves.
Eye and Face Protection	: Chemical goggles or face shield.
Skin and Body Protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory Protection	: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory
	protection.
Other Information	: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.
SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMIC	
9.1. Information on Basic Physical	
Physical State	: Solid
Appearance	: Grey/Black powder or nodules
Odor	: No data available
Odor Threshold	: No data available
рН	: 12-13
Evaporation Rate	: No data available
Melting Point	: No data available
Freezing Point	: No data available
Boiling Point	: No data available
Flash Point	: None
Auto-ignition Temperature	: No data available
Decomposition Temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor Pressure	: No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C	: No data available
Relative Density	: No data available
Specific Gravity	: 3.15
Solubility	: Water: Slightly soluble
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
9.2. Other Information No addition	al information available
SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACT	

# SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

- **10.2.** Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
- **10.3.** Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**10.4.** Conditions to Avoid: Incompatible materials.

**10.5.** Incompatible Materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids, aluminum and ammonium salt. Clinker is highly alkaline and will react with acids to produce a violent, heat-generating reaction. Toxic gases

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or vapors may be given off depending on the acid involved. Reacts with acids, aluminum metals and ammonium salts. Aluminum powder and other alkali and alkaline earth elements will react in wet mortar or concrete, liberating hydrogen gas. Limestone ignites on contact with fluorine and is incompatible with acids, alum, ammonium salts, and magnesium. Silica reacts violently with powerful oxidizing agents such as fluorine, boron trifluoride, chlorine trifluoride, manganese trifluoride, and oxygen difluoride yielding possible fire and/or explosions. Silicates dissolve readily in hydrofluoric acid producing a corrosive gas — silicon tetrafluoride.

**10.6.** Hazardous Decomposition Products: Silicon tetrafluoride.

# SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation.

**pH:** 12 - 13

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

**pH:** 12 - 13

**Respiratory or Skin Sensitization:** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Irritation of the respiratory tract and the other mucous membranes.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: Repeated or prolonged inhalation may damage lungs.

# SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General

: Not classified.

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

Clinker	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.
12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential	
Clinker	

Bioaccumulative Potential

Achility in Soil No additional information available

# **12.4. Mobility in Soil** No additional information available

#### 12.5. Other Adverse Effects Other Information

: Avoid release to the environment.

# SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

**Waste Disposal Recommendations:** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Not established.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

# SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

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- **14.1.** In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport
- **14.2.** In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport
- **14.3.** In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport

# SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

# 15.1. US Federal Regulations

Clinker

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# SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Immediate (acute) health hazard

Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

# 15.2. US State Regulations

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals, including Silica, crystalline (airborne particles of respirable size), which is known to the State of California to cause cancer; and chromium (hexavalent compounds), which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

# Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

# SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision	
Other Information	

#### : 07/31/2018 • This docume

This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

# **GHS Full Text Phrases:**

Full text Philases.		
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1	
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2	
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, Category 1	
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3	
H315	Causes skin irritation	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction	
H318	Causes serious eye damage	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation	

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)