

# \*\*\* Section 1 - Product and Company Identification \*\*

### Material Name: Flyash Synonyms: Class F Flyash, Class C Flyash, Class N, Natural Pozzolan

### Manufacturer Information

CALPORTLAND COMPANY 2025 E. Financial Way Glendora, CA 91741 Phone: 626-852-6200 www.calportland.com

# \* \* \* Section 2 - Hazards Identification \* \* \*

## GHS Classification:

Acute Toxicity Oral - Category 4 Acute Toxicity Inhalation - Category 4 Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2 Eye Damage - Category 2A Carcinogenicity - Category 1A Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeat Exposure - Category 1 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Chronic - Category 4

# **GHS LABEL ELEMENTS**

### Symbol(s)



Signal Word

Danger

## **Hazard Statements**

Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

## **Precautionary Statements**

### Prevention

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Wash thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Do not breathe dust.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Avoid release to the environment.

### Response

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

### Storage

Store in an appropriate container or containment structure.

### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

# \*\* Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients \*\*

CAS #	Component	Percent
68131-74-8	Ashes, residues	
7631-86-9	Silica, amorphous	55-65
1344-28-1	Aluminum oxide	20-25
1309-37-1	Iron oxide (Fe2O3)	4-7
1305-78-8	Calcium oxide	3-6

# **Component Information/Information on Non-Hazardous Components**

### **General Product Information**

Trace amounts of various elements including arsenic, antimony, carbon, lead, nickel, manganese, chromium, boron, mercury, selenium, beryllium, cadmium and uranium may be detected in flyash as a result of their presence in the source.

# \* \* \* Section 4 - First Aid Measures \* \* \*

### First Aid: Eyes

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, including under the lids. If easy to do, remove contact lenses, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.

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## First Aid: Skin

If irritation occurs, flush skin with plenty of water. In some cases - e.g., large amounts of flyash still present on the skin – before wetting the product / skin, it may be advisable or appropriate to gently brush - AVOID the generation of dust – the bulk of the flyash from the skin. Call physician if irritation persists.

### **First Aid: Ingestion**

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If conscious and capable of swallowing, rinse month thoroughly with water and then drink plenty of water to dilute the material in the stomach. Get medical attention immediately.

### First Aid: Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. Seek medical help if coughing and other symptoms do not subside.

\* \* \* Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures \*

### **General Fire Hazards**

See Section 9 for Flammability Properties. Not flammable.

### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

None.

### **Extinguishing Media**

Use water.

### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

None

### **Fire Fighting Equipment/Instructions**

Firefighters should wear full protective gear.

# \* \* \* Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures \* \*

### **Recovery and Neutralization**

None.

### Materials and Methods for Clean-Up

Contain the spill or leak. Avoid generating dust. Do not touch the spilled material.

### **Emergency Measures**

Isolate area. Keep unnecessary personnel away.

# **Personal Precautions and Protective Equipment**

Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up.

### **Environmental Precautions**

This material is a water pollutant: prevent material from entering drains, sewers, ditches or waterways.

### **Prevention of Secondary Hazards**

None.

# \* \* \* Section 7 - Handling and Storage \* \* \*

## Handling Procedures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear the appropriate eye protection against dust. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Avoid breathing dust. Wear the appropriate respiratory protection against dust in poorly ventilated areas and if TLV is exceeded. Use good safety and industrial hygiene practices.

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### **Storage Procedures**

Store in dust-tight, dry, labeled containers. Keep containers closed when not in use. Store in ventilated area away from sources of heat, moisture and incompatible materials.

### Incompatibilities

Moisture (reaction may generate heat). Strong acids, Boric oxide, Boron Trifluoride, Phosphorus pentoxide, Chlorates, Chlorine Trifluoride, Chlorine, Ammonium salts and Fluorine.

# \* \* \* Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection \* \* \*

### **Component Exposure Limits**

Silica, amorph	ous (7631-86-9)
OSHA	6 mg/m3 TWA (<1% Crystalline silica)
(Vacated):	
NIOSH:	6 mg/m3 TWA
NW Territories:	2 mg/m3 TWA (respirable mass); 5 mg/m3 TWA (total mass); 0.05 mg/m3 TWA (regulated under Silica flour, respirable mass); 0.15 mg/m3 TWA (total mass, regulated under Silica flour)
Nunavut:	2 mg/m3 TWA (respirable mass); 5 mg/m3 TWA (total mass); 0.05 mg/m3 TWA (regulated under Silica flour, respirable mass); 0.15 mg/m3 TWA (regulated under Silica flour, total mass)
Yukon:	300 particle/mL TWA (as measured by Konimeter instrumentation, listed under Silica); 20 mppcf TWA (as measured by Impinger instrumentation, listed under Silica); 2 mg/m3 TWA (respirable mass, listed under Silica)
Aluminum oxid	de (1344-28-1)
OSHA (Final):	15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)
OSHA	10 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)
(Vacated):	
Alberta:	10 mg/m3 TWA
New	10 mg/m3 TWA (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica)
Brunswick:	
NW Territories:	10 mg/m3 TWA; 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable mass); 10 mg/m3 TWA (total mass)
	20 mg/m3 STEL
Nunavut:	10 mg/m3 TWA; 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable mass); 10 mg/m3 TWA (total mass) 20 mg/m3 STEL

Quebec: 10 mg/m3 TWAEV (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica, total dust, as Al) Saskatchewan: 10 mg/m3 TWA 20 mg/m3 STEL Yukon: 30 mppcf TWA (Al2O3); 10 mg/m3 TWA (Al2O3)

20 mg/m3 STEL (Al2O3)

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# Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)

ACGIH:	5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)
OSHA (Final):	10 mg/m3 TWA (fume)
OSHA	10 mg/m3 TWA (fume and total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (regulated under Rouge, respirable
(Vacated):	fraction)
NIOSH:	5 mg/m3 TWA (dust and fume, as Fe)
Alberta:	5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable)
British	10 mg/m3 TWA (total particulate matter containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica, total
Columbia:	particulate, listed under Rouge); 3 mg/m3 TWA (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
	<1% Crystalline silica, respirable particulate, listed under Rouge); 5 mg/m3 TWA (dust and fume,
	as Fe)
	10 mg/m3 STEL (fume, as Fe)
Manitoba:	5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)
New	5 mg/m3 TWA (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica, dust and
Brunswick:	fume, as Fe); 10 mg/m3 TWA (regulated under Rouge, particulate matter containing no
	Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica)
NW Territories:	5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable mass); 10 mg/m3 TWA (total mass)
Nova Scotia:	5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)
Nunavut:	5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable mass); 10 mg/m3 TWA (total mass)
Ontario:	5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable)
Quebec:	5 mg/m3 TWAEV (dust and fume, as Fe); 10 mg/m3 TWAEV (containing no Asbestos and <1%
	Crystalline silica, regulated under Rouge, total dust)
Saskatchewan:	5 mg/m3 TWA (dust and fume, as Fe); 10 mg/m3 TWA (regulated under Rouge)
	10 mg/m3 STEL (dust and fume, as Fe); 20 mg/m3 STEL (regulated under Rouge)
Yukon:	5 mg/m3 TWA (fume, as Fe2O3); 30 mppcf TWA (regulated under Rouge); 10 mg/m3 TWA
	(regulated under Rouge)
	10 mg/m3 STEL (fume); 20 mg/m3 STEL (regulated under Rouge)

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Calcium oxide	(1305-78-8)
ACGIH:	2 mg/m3 TWA
OSHA (Final):	5 mg/m3 TWA
OSHA	5 mg/m3 TWA (not in effect as a result of reconsideration)
(Vacated):	
NIOSH:	2 mg/m3 TWA
Alberta:	2 mg/m3 TWA
British	2 mg/m3 TWA
Columbia:	
Manitoba:	2 mg/m3 TWA
New	2 mg/m3 TWA
Brunswick:	
NW Territories:	2 mg/m3 TWA
	4 mg/m3 STEL
Nova Scotia:	2 mg/m3 TWA
Nunavut:	2 mg/m3 TWA
	4 mg/m3 STEL
Ontario:	2 mg/m3 TWA
Quebec:	2 mg/m3 TWAEV
Saskatchewan:	2 mg/m3 TWA
	4 mg/m3 STEL
Yukon:	2 mg/m3 TWA
	4 mg/m3 STEL

### **Engineering Measures**

Use local exhaust or general dilution ventilation to control exposure within applicable limits.

### Personal Protective Equipment: Respiratory

Avoid actions that cause dust exposure to occur. Use local or general ventilation to control exposures below applicable exposure limits. NIOSH or MSHA approved particulate filter respirators should be used in the context of respiratory protection program meeting the requirements of the OSHA respiratory protection standard [29 CFR 1910.134] to control exposures when ventilation or other controls are inadequate or discomfort or irritation is experienced. Respirator and/or filter cartridge selection should be based on American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Standards Z88.2 Practices for Respiratory Protection.

### **Personal Protective Equipment: Hands**

Where prolonged exposure to products might occur, wear impervious gloves to eliminate skin contact.

### **Personal Protective Equipment: Eyes**

When engaged in activities where ingredients could contact the eye, wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. In extremely dusty environments and unpredictable environments, wear unvented or indirectly vented goggles to avoid eye irritation or injury. Contact lenses should not be worn when working with ingredients.

### Personal Protective Equipment: Skin and Body

Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended.

# \* \* \* Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties \* \* \*

Appearance:	Opaque fine powder
Physical State:	Solid/Fine Powder
Vapor Pressure:	Not Applicable
Boiling Point:	Not Applicable
Solubility (H2O):	Mostly insoluble
Evaporation Rate:	Not Applicable
Octanol/H2O Coeff.:	Not Determined
Flash Point Method:	Not Determined
Lower Flammability Limit	Not Determined
(LFL):	
Auto Ignition:	Not Determined

Odor:	None
pH:	>11.5 (in water)
Vapor Density:	Not Applicable
Melting Point:	Not Applicable
Specific Gravity:	2.8-3.4
VOC:	Not Determined
Flash Point:	Not Determined
Upper Flammability Limit	Not Determined
(UFL):	
Burning Rate:	Not Determined

# \* \* \* Section 10 - Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information \* \*

# **Chemical Stability**

This is a stable material.

### Hazardous Reaction Potential

Will not occur.

### Conditions to Avoid

The flyash, itself - particularly if moist or wet - or solutions that are or have been in contact with flyash may be corrosive to metals.

### **Incompatible Products**

Moisture (reaction may generate heat). Strong acids, Boric oxide, Boron Trifluoride, Phosphorus pentoxide, Chlorates, Chlorine Trifluoride, Chlorine, Ammonium salts and Fluorine.

# **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Reacts with water to form calcium hydroxide. Calcium hydroxide and water solution can be irritating and corrosive to skin.

# \*\*\* Section 11 - Toxicological Information \*\*\*

### Acute Toxicity

#### **Component Analysis - LD50/LC50**

#### Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)

Oral LD50 Rat >5000 mg/kg; Inhalation LC50 Rat >2.2 mg/L 1 h; Dermal LD50 Rabbit >2000 mg/kg

Aluminum oxide (1344-28-1)

Oral LD50 Rat >5000 mg/kg

#### Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1) Oral LD50 Rat >10000 mg/kg

#### Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)

Oral LD50 Rat 500 mg/kg

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Ashes, residues (68131-74-8)

Oral LD50 Rat >2000 mg/kg

## Potential Health Effects: Skin Corrosion Property/Stimulativeness

May cause skin irritation. May cause burns in the presence of moisture.

## Potential Health Effects: Eye Critical Damage/ Stimulativeness

May cause chemical burns. Causes irritation (possibly severe).

## Potential Health Effects: Ingestion

May be harmful if swallowed. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting. May cause burning of mouth, throat and esophagus.

### **Potential Health Effects: Inhalation**

Exposure to dust generated during the handling or use of the product may irritate eyes, skin, nose, throat and upper respiratory tract.

# **Respiratory Organs Sensitization/Skin Sensitization**

This product is not reported to have any sensitization effects.

## **Generative Cell Mutagenicity**

This product is not reported to have any mutagenic effects.

## Carcinogenicity

### **A: General Product Information**

May cause cancer. Prolonged or repeated exposure to airborne free crystalline silica can result in lung disease and/or lung cancer.

## **B: Component Carcinogenicity**

### Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)

IARC: Monograph 68 [1997]; Supplement 7 [1987] (Group 3 (not classifiable))

### Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)

ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen IARC: Supplement 7 [1987]; Monograph 1 [1972] (Group 3 (not classifiable))

# **Reproductive Toxicity**

This product is not reported to have any reproductive toxicity effects.

# Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Single Exposure

This product is not reported to have any single exposure specific target organ toxicity effects.

# Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Repeated Exposure

Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Aspiration Respiratory Organs Hazard

This product is not reported to have any aspiration hazard effects.

### Other Toxicological Information

Repeated exposure to calcium oxide has shown to cause ulceration of the nasal septum, bronchitis and pneumonia. Chronic inhalation of silica quartz may cause autoimmune disease. Chronic exposure to an ingredient in this mixture has been reported to cause renal injury and adverse effects on visual acuity.

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* * * Section 12 - Ecological Information * * *				
Ecotoxicity				
A: General Product Information				
This product may cause long-term	adverse effects in the	aquatic environment.		
<b>B: Component Analysis - Ecotoxicit</b>	y - Aquatic Toxicity	/		
Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)				
Test & Species		Conditions		
96 Hr LC50 Brachydanio rerio	5000 mg/L [static]			
72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	440 mg/L			
48 Hr EC50 Ceriodaphnia dubia	7600 mg/L			
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)				
Test & Species		Conditions		
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio	1070 mg/L [static]			
Ashes, residues (68131-74-8)				
Test & Species		Conditions		
24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	140 - 2000 mg/L			
Persistence/Degradability				
No information available for the pr	oduct.			
Bioaccumulation				
No information available for the pr	oduct.			
Mobility in Soil				
No information available for the pr	oduct.			
* * * Section	on 13 - Disposa	Considerations * * *		
Waste Disposal Instructions	•			
See Section 7 for Handling Procee	dures. See Section 8 f	or Personal Protective Equipment recommendations.		
Disposal of Contaminated Conta	iners or Packagin	a		
Dispose of contents/container in a	accordance with local/r	9 agional/national/international regulations		
* * * Sootion				
Section	1 14 - Transport			
DOT/TDG Information				
Shipping Name: Not Regulated				

# \*\*\* Section 15 - Regulatory Information \*\*\*

# **Regulatory Information**

### US Federal Regulations

#### **Component Analysis**

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65) and/or CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4).

### Aluminum oxide (1344-28-1)

SARA 313: 1.0 % de minimis concentration (fibrous forms)

### State Regulations

#### **Component Analysis - State**

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Component	CAS	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
Silica, amorphous	7631-86-9	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Aluminum oxide	1344-28-1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Iron oxide (Fe2O3)	1309-37-1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

The following statement(s) are provided under the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65):

WARNING! This product contains chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

#### Component Analysis - WHMIS IDL

The following components are identified under the Canadian Hazardous Products Act Ingredient Disclosure List:

Component	CAS #	Minimum Concentration
Silica, amorphous	7631-86-9	1 %
Aluminum oxide	1344-28-1	1 %
Iron oxide (Fe2O3)	1309-37-1	1 %
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	1 %

#### Status under Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS), Canada

This product is considered to be a hazardous material under the Hazardous Products Act as defined by the Controlled Products Regulations and is therefore subject to the labeling and MSDS requirements of the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

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### **Additional Regulatory Information**

### **Component Analysis - Inventory**

Component	CAS #	TSCA	CAN	EEC
Silica, amorphous	7631-86-9	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Aluminum oxide	1344-28-1	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Iron oxide (Fe2O3)	1309-37-1	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Ashes, residues	68131-74-8	Yes	DSL	EINECS

# \* \* \* Section 16 - Other Information \* \* \*

Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS):	Health	1
	Flammability	0
	Physical Hazard	0
	Personal Protection	В

NFPA/HMIS Definitions: 0-Least, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-High, 4-Extreme Protective Equipment: Safety glasses, gloves NFPA Ratings: Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 1

# Key/Legend

EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; TSCA = Toxic Substance Control Act; ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration., NJTSR = New Jersey Trade Secret Registry.

# **Literature References**

None

# **Other Information**

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